

# REMOTE PROCTORING, PART II – PSYCHOMETRIC Q&A

Corina Owens, Ph.D. Psychometrician

Brett Foley, Ph.D.
Director, Professional Credentialing and Senior Psychometrician

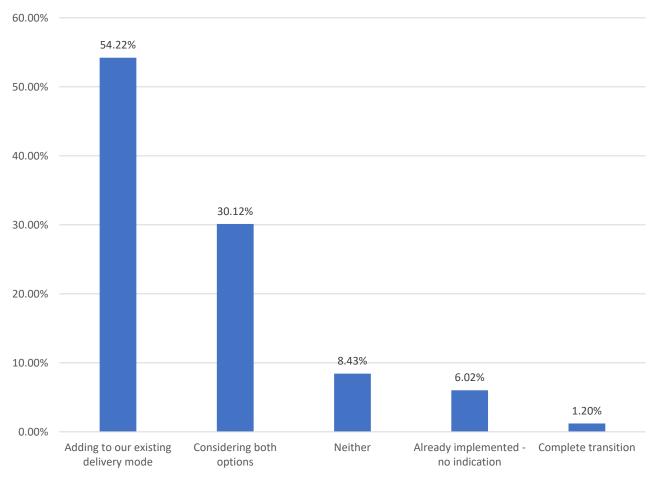


Is there any information as to whether organizations are moving to all remote proctoring or are they doing a combination with brick and mortar sites?

- All organizations are different and should address the needs of their particular candidates in different ways
- Most of our clients are utilizing both BUT we asked and you answered







## Any thoughts on how to balance the design and rollout across delivery modes?



- Choices made for remote proctoring may differ from current delivery mode practices. How do we address this?
- How are proctors vetted? What is the level of proctor engagement?
- How do we handle ADA accommodations?
- Do inconsistencies cause concern for statistics and defensibility of results?

#### Breaks – Do we offer them and how does that impact delivery of items?



- Consistency between delivery modes
- Communicate to candidates about break(s) and requirements during break(s)
- Consider randomly administering items
  - Administering items within sections and randomizing section blocks
  - Half of items from fixed form, Break, Remaining half of items
- Security issues



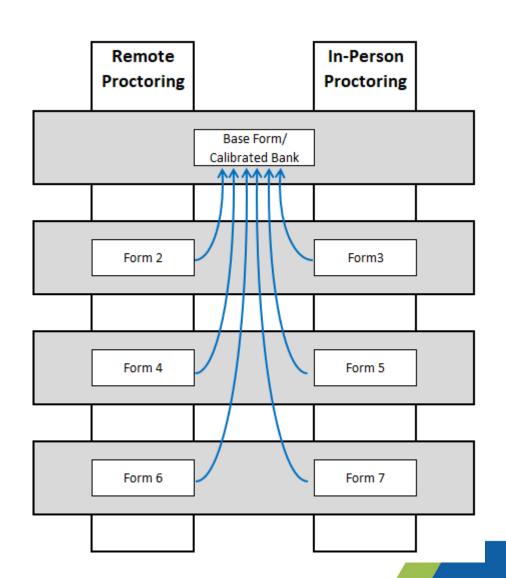


Strategies for Delivering Forms across Delivery Modes



#### Scenario 1: Equivalent Security & Experience Across Modes

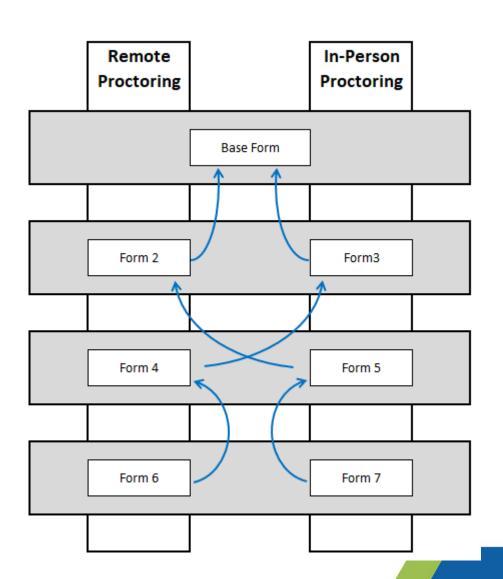




- All Forms Administered in Both Modes
- Regularly Evaluate Items for Equivalence Across Metrics (e.g., DIF analysis)
  - Retire Items with Equivalence Problems
- Monitor Form Performance for Equivalence

#### Scenario 1: Equivalent Security & Experience Across Modes

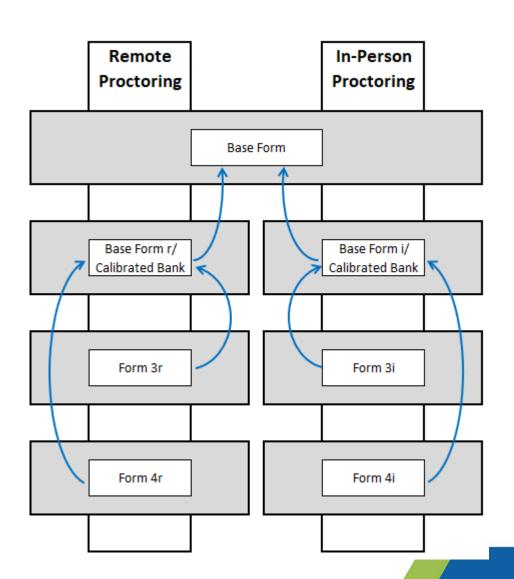




- All Forms Administered in Both Modes
- Regularly Evaluate Items for Equivalence Across Metrics (e.g., DIF analysis)
  - Retire Items with Equivalence Problems
- Monitor Form Performance for Equivalence

#### Scenario 2: Equivalent Security, Different Candidate Experience

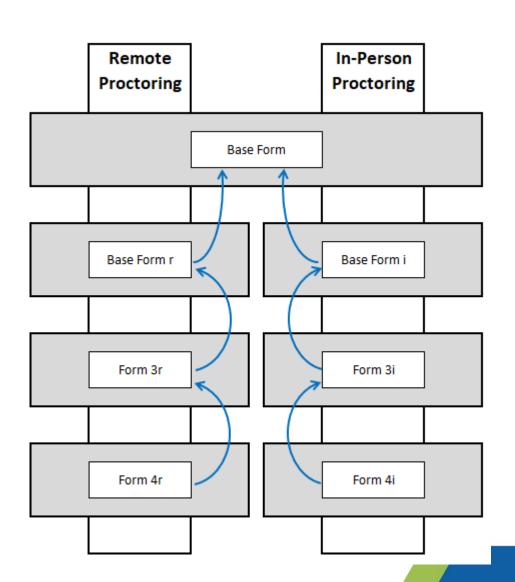




- Primary Risk:
  - Maintaining/Fairness
- Launch a Common Form
  - Conduct standard setting
  - Identify equivalently-performing items
- Switch to Parallel Development
  - First mode-specific forms equated to base (using equivalently-performing common items)
  - Future forms equated within mode

#### Scenario 2: Equivalent Security, Different Candidate Experience

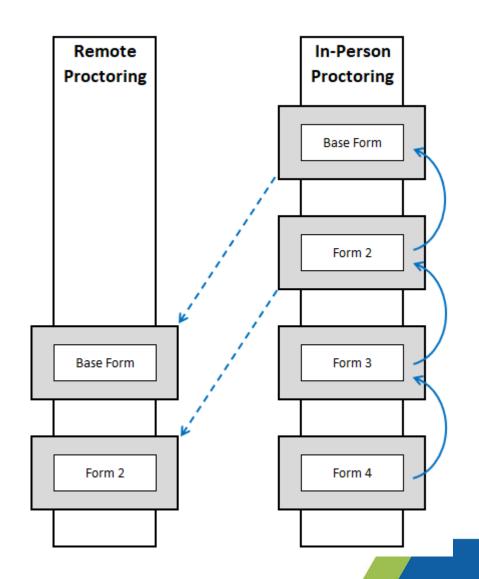




- Primary Risk:
  - Maintaining/Fairness
- Launch a Common Form
  - Conduct standard setting
  - Identify equivalently-performing items
- Switch to Parallel Development
  - First mode-specific forms equated to base (using equivalently-performing common items)
  - Future forms equated within mode

#### Scenario 3: Equivalent Candidate Experience, Different Levels of Security

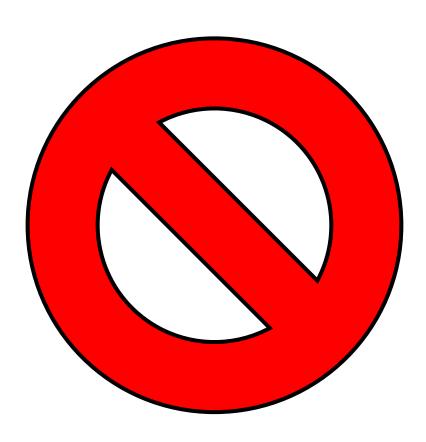




- Primary Risk:
  - Maintaining Security
- Launch in a Single Mode
  - Start with More-Secure Mode
  - Typical Development within Mode
- Migrate Forms to Lower-Security Mode
  - Retire Forms from More-Secure Mode
  - Move to Less-Secure Mode
  - Integrate Time-Lag
    - Don't Expose Live Items on the Less-Secure Mode While Still Using Them on the More-Secure Mode

### Scenario 4: Different Candidate Experience, Different Levels of Security





- Dual Risks:
  - Fairness and Security
- Consider Single-Mode Delivery
  - Keep Current Mode
  - Complete Switch to New Mode
- If Unavoidable...
  - Consider parallel development
  - Challenges
    - Maintaining Equivalence of "Reputation"
    - Level of Development Effort
    - Accreditation unlikely
    - Legal Defensibility



Still have questions?

If you have any remaining questions regarding the psychometric considerations of remote proctoring for your program, please feel free to contact us at:

marketing@alpinetesting.com

